



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.” According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said. PTI



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him.

“Experience really counts for a lot,” he said. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...


In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com



SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
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1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
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	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited
Mahendra Sanghvi
Executive Chairman
DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara
Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022			
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]			

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



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ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

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More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554
Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

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(Rs. in Lakhs)					
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8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
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1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

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- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.” According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said. PTI



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him. “Experience really counts for a lot,” he said.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...

In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554
Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
1.	Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
2.	Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
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8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
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1.	Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
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15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

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New Delhi, 8 February

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Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

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Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

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New Delhi, 8 February

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More on business-standard.com

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▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

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More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554
Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,781.67	35,781.67	17,354.71	35,781.67
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,778.29	35,778.29	17,354.71	35,778.29
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023

BS SUDOKU #3892

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SOLUTION TO #3891

7	5	8	9	2	3	6	4	1
4	9	3	5	6	1	8	7	2
6	1	2	7	8	4	9	3	5
2	8	6	1	4	5	7	9	3
1	4	7	3	9	2	5	8	6
9	3	5	6	7	8	1	2	4
8	6	4	2	5	7	3	1	9
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Easy:
★★★

Solution
tomorrow

HOW TO PLAY

Fill in the grid so that every row, every column and every 3x3 box contains the digits 1 to 9



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.”

According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said.



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him. “Experience really counts for a lot,” he said.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...

In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,781.67	35,781.67	17,354.71	35,781.67
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,778.29	35,778.29	17,354.71	35,778.29
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022			
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]			

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
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5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023

BS SUDOKU #3892

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SOLUTION TO #3891

7	5	8	9	2	3	6	4	1
4	9	3	5	6	1	8	7	2
6	1	2	7	8	4	9	3	5
2	8	6	1	4	5	7	9	3
1	4	7	3	9	2	5	8	6
9	3	5	6	7	8	1	2	4
8	6	4	2	5	7	3	1	9
3	2	9	8	1	6	4	5	7
5	7	1	4	3	9	2	6	8

Easy:
★★★

Solution
tomorrow

HOW TO PLAY

Fill in the grid so that every row, every column and every 3x3 box contains the digits 1 to 9



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

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2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

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Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

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“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

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More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

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▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

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GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
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5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,781.67	35,781.67	17,354.71	35,781.67
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
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1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
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The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022			
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]			

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

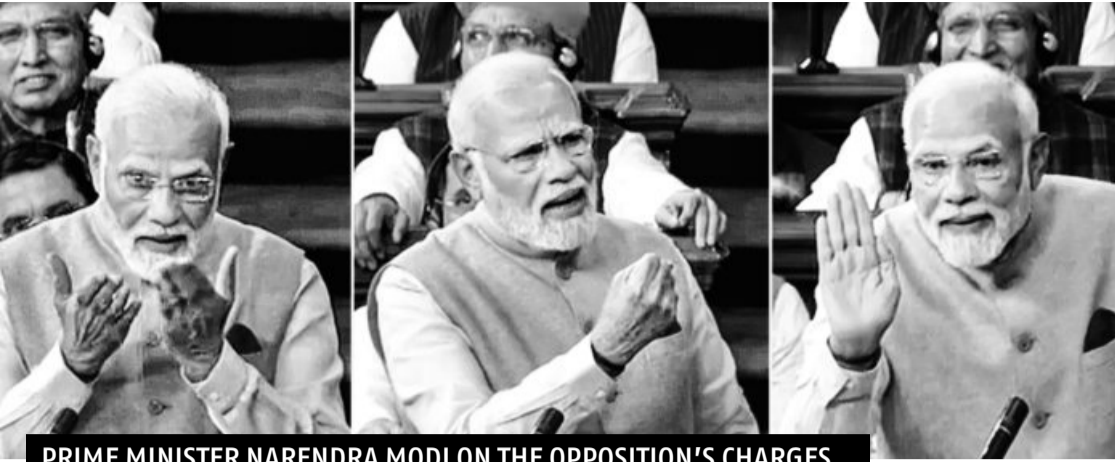
Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

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Competition Bill...

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The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022			
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]			

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
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Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
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- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.”

According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said.



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him.

“Experience really counts for a lot,” he said. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...


In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com



SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

(₹ in lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

(₹ in lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
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Notes:

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi

Director

DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal

Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

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Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

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“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

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Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

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New Delhi, 8 February

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concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.”

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More on business-standard.com

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▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

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ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

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A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

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The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...

In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,781.67	35,781.67	17,354.71	35,781.67
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,778.29	35,778.29	17,354.71	35,778.29
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED			
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022			
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]			

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
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- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.” According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said. PTI



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him.

“Experience really counts for a lot,” he said. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

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Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

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Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
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		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
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	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
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Notes :

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
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3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debtenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
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4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
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15.	Debtenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023

BS SUDOKU

#3892

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SOLUTION TO #3891

7	5	8	9	2	3	6	4	1
4	9	3	5	6	1	8	7	2
6	1	2	7	8	4	9	3	5
2	8	6	1	4	5	7	9	3
1	4	7	3	9	2	5	8	6
9	3	5	6	7	8	1	2	4
8	6	4	2	5	7	3	1	9
3	2	9	8	1	6	4	5	7
5	7	1	4	3	9	2	6	8

Easy:
★★★

Solution
tomorrow

HOW TO PLAY

Fill in the grid so that every row, every column and every 3x3 box contains the digits 1 to 9



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

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The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

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More on business-standard.com

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▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

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The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

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The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

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“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

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The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

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A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

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The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...


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Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com



SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
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1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
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Notes :

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The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

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The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited
Mahendra Sanghvi
Executive Chairman
DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara
Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED				
Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022				
[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]				
(₹ in lakhs)				
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

(₹ in lakhs)				
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	N/A	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
2. The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
3. For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
4. The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited
Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

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2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

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Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

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Competition Bill...

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SHAILY

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	42.03	1.86	442.84
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,455.79)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.55)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income(after tax)]	(2,048.31)	(30.55)	(5,595.59)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	-	-	(5,600.48)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	-	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(5,400.48)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	-	-	70,270.00
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
	2. Diluted:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1.	Total Income from Operations	1,501.96	2,104.27	11,311.51
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,667.51)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(979.42)	(733.00)	(8,250.61)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary Items#)	(1,013.51)	(733.00)	(8,160.72)
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(4,337.01)	(4,315.40)	(15,612.47)
6.	Paid up Equity Share Capital	200.00	200.00	200.00
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	N/A	N/A	(14,420.04)
8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
10.	Paid up Debt Capital/ Outstanding Debt	N/A	N/A	95,640.12
11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
	2. Diluted:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
14.	Capital Redemption Reserve	N/A	N/A	N/A
15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

- Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss in accordance with Ind AS Rules / AS Rules, whichever is applicable.

Notes:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly financial results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 52 of the Listing Regulations, were reviewed and approved by the audit committee and Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 07.02.2023.
- The full format of the quarterly financial results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. www.bseindia.com and the Company i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- For the other line items referred in regulation 52(4) of the Listing Regulations, pertinent disclosures have been made to the Stock Exchange(s) (BSE Limited) and can be accessed on the URL i.e. www.dbiapi.com
- The impact on net profit / loss, total comprehensive income or any other relevant financial item(s) due to change(s) in accounting policies shall be disclosed by means of a footnote.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023

BS SUDOKU

#3892

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SOLUTION TO #3891

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Easy:
★★★

Solution
tomorrow

HOW TO PLAY

Fill in the grid so that every row, every column and every 3x3 box contains the digits 1 to 9



PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI ON THE OPPOSITION'S CHARGES

"IF CORRUPTION IS BEING PROBED, ABUSE THE INVESTIGATIVE AGENCIES. IF THE ARMY DISPLAYS VALOUR, ABUSE THE ARMED FORCES, LEVEL ALLEGATIONS AGAINST THEM. WHEN THERE IS TALK OF ECONOMIC PROGRESS, CRITICISE THE RBI"

2004-14 a lost decade; this one is India’s: PM takes dig at Congress

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, 8 February

In a stinging attack on the Opposition, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday said the trust reposed by crores of people was his protective shield which cannot be breached by abuse and allegations from his detractors.

Replying to the debate on the Motion of Thanks on the President’s Address in Lok Sabha, Modi said the world was looking at India with hope amid instability in some parts of the globe due to the once-in-a-century pandemic and conflicts. “But some people who are neck deep in frustration refuse to accept India’s growth story. They cannot see the achievements of 1.4 billion Indians,” Modi said.

The PM said people know Modi has come to their help in times of crisis. “How will they agree with your abuses and allegations,” he told the Opposition. “People trust in Modi not due to newspaper headlines or TV visuals but due to my years of dedication in the service of the people.”

Opposition MPs including Congress leader Rahul

Gandhi had targeted the government while raising the Adani-Hindenburg issue during the debate. The PM said the Opposition had wasted the past nine years in levelling baseless allegations instead of indulging in constructive criticism.

“When you lose elections, blame the EVMs, criticise the Election Commission, if the Supreme Court does not give a favourable verdict, criticise the apex court.

“If corruption is being probed, abuse the investigative agencies. If the Army displays valour, abuse the armed forces, level allegations against them. When there is talk of economic progress, criticise the RBI,” Modi said.

“In the past nine years, compulsive criticism has replaced constructive criticism,” the PM said. He described the 10 years of UPA rule as India’s “lost decade”. “The decade before 2014 will always be remembered as ‘The Lost Decade’, but the decade of 2030 is India’s decade,” Modi said.

“No one can forget the attacks of 2008. The lack of courage in acting against terrorism led to a bloodbath and the loss of lives of our innocent citizens. It’s synonymous with the UPA’s misrule,” he said.



Vaishnaw for ‘federal law’ on online gaming

SOURABH LELE
New Delhi, 8 February

The Centre intends to draft a strict law to “effectively regulate” online gaming and gambling platforms amid rising cases of addiction and financial loss, Union IT Minister Ashwini Vaishnaw informed the Lok Sabha on Wednesday. This can be done after having a consensus among states, he said.

The minister said regulating gambling and betting was a complex issue and the recently released draft policy under the IT (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules was only the first step in this direction. He was responding to

concerns raised by multiple members of the House on the impact of online games on youth. “We should have a central law and the regulation has to be very strict because society is impacted by addition to online games, especially by online gambling.”

According to the 7th schedule of the Constitution, regulation of betting and gambling is a subject of the state list. So far, 19 states and UT have passed separate laws on the matter, and 17 states have modified the Public Gambling Act, 1867, that differentiates between games of “mere skill” and chance.

More on business-standard.com

Feasibility tests for space tourism done

The Indian Space Research Organisation (Isro) has carried out feasibility studies for a sub-orbital space tourism mission, which could be taken up after the success of the Gaganyaan mission, India’s maiden human space flight, the government informed Parliament on Wednesday.

In the Lok Sabha, MoS in the PMO Jitendra Singh said Isro is engaged in the development of technologies that are essential building blocks for human space missions. “The objective of the Gaganyaan programme is the demonstration of human spaceflight capability to low earth orbit. Future missions will be taken up after the accomplishment of Gaganyaan mission,” Singh said.



▶ FROM PAGE 1

Competition Bill...

It said, “... it would be more desirable for CCI to specifically take into consideration the rights that a party may have in relation to reasonable exercise of its IPR when dealing with abuse of dominance cases to avoid uncertainty.”

The Jayant Sinha led panel had asked the CCI to study dif-

ferent factors such as impact on consumers, innovation, and competition before deciding whether conduct had violated the competition law. The suggestion, it is learnt, has not been accepted by the government.

The suggestion to allow cartels to opt for the settlement scheme is also likely to be introduced in the Bill.

The standing committee had also raised concerns that the Bill does not specify what constitutes active participation as it could also include entities

providing intermediate services such as digital platforms or an industry association organising meetings without agenda to share sensitive information.

The committee, therefore, suggested the insertion of the line “if it is proved that such person intended to actively participate” in the clause.

Silver...

Age is not the only criteria, the ability to contribute and mental alertness are also key, according to Amit Tandon, founder and managing director of Institutional Investor Advisory Services India (IIAS), which advises investors on how to vote on company resolutions.

“There are some who can be productive at 80 or 85 and others who are past their peak at age 70,” he said.

Firms should not only depend on the young when it comes to setting future direction, suggested Arun Chulani, co-founder at investment firm First Water Capital. A mix between younger board members who can bring fresh perspective and older ones who have the experience of dealing with shareholders and managing expansion plans as they evolve can help guide companies better, according to him.

“Experience really counts for a lot,” he said. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had required companies to seek shareholder approval for those continuing as non-executive directors (NEDs) beyond the age of 75, according to a board decision.

“It is important to have an upper age limit for NEDs to ensure better productivity by directors and therefore, the recommendation may be accepted. It is also noted that the rec-

ommendation only requires a special resolution in such cases and does not prohibit the listed entities from having such directors,” it said.

A special resolution is one which requires at least 75 per cent votes in favour for approval. The age limit of 75 years came into effect from April 2019. There has not been a significant change in the average age of India’s boards, despite some exits.

The average age of directors changed from 59.87 years in March 2019 to 59.1 years as of February 2023, shows data from primeinfobase.com.

The primeinfobase.com data covers all companies listed on the National Stock Exchange. But it excludes 2,488 individuals for whom age data was not available.

Tax...

In the case of online gaming, the panel, headed by Meghalaya Chief Minister Conrad Sangma, could not arrive at a consensus on the valuation on which tax should apply.

Sources said that although the panel agreed to tax the supply of actionable claims at 28 per cent, it could not decide whether the levy should be on the net amount (after removing prize money) or gross gaming revenue (GGR).

GGR is the total amount collected by casinos and online gaming companies before paying out money to winners.

In its first report, the GoM recommended that online gaming activities should be taxed at a flat 28 per cent on the full value of consideration, without making any distinction between games of skill and games of chance.

More on business-standard.com

SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN :L51900GJ1980PLC065554
Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited

Mahendra Sanghvi

Executive Chairman

DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara

Date : 08th February, 2023

DBL INFRA ASSETS PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 31st December, 2022

[Regulation 52 (8) read with Regulation 52 (4) of the Listing Regulations]

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Standalone		
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11.	Outstanding Redeemable Preference Shares	N/A	N/A	N/A
12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(13.01)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -			
	1. Basic:	(102.42)	(1.53)	(279.78)
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15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

		(₹ in lakhs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Consolidated		
		For Quarter ended 31 December 2022	For Quarter ended 31 December 2021	For Year ended 31 March 2022
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
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8.	Securities Premium Account	-	N/A	-
9.	Net worth	-	-	(14,220.04)
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12.	Debt Equity Ratio	-	-	(6.73)
13.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-			
	1. Basic:	(216.85)	(215.77)	(780.62)
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15.	Debt Redemption Reserve	-	-	-
16.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-
17.	Interest Service Coverage Ratio	-	-	-

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Notes:

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
DBL Infra Assets Private Limited

Dilip Suryavanshi
Director
DIN - 00039944

Place: Bhopal
Date: 07.02.2023

BS SUDOKU

#3892

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SOLUTION TO #3891

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Easy:
★★★

Solution
tomorrow

HOW TO PLAY

Fill in the grid so that every row, every column and every 3x3 box contains the digits 1 to 9

અવાજ પ્રદૂષણને અટકાવવાના પ્રતિબંધોનું પાલન કરવું

વડોદરા, તા.૦૮ ફેબ્રુઆરી કાર્યરીતિ અધિનિયમ-૧૯૭૩ની કલમ-૧૪૪ તથા ગુજરાત પોલીસ એક્ટ કલમ ૩૩(૧), ૩૭(૧)(એક) અન્વયે પોલીસ કમિશનરે હુકમ કર્યો છે. શહેરમાં કોઈપણ પ્રકારની બહાર સુલેહ શાંતિનો ભંગ ન થાય તેમજ બહાર શાંતિ, સલામતી અને કાયદો વ્યવસ્થા જળવાઈ રહે તે માટે નિયમોને આધિન બહારહિતમાં રહી કૃત્યો કરવાની મનાઈ ફરમાવવામાં આવી છે. અવાજ પ્રદૂષણને અટકાવવા અંગે વખતોવખતના ચૂકાદાના નિર્દેશો તથા ગુજરાત પોલ્યુશન કંટ્રોલ બોર્ડ, પર્યાવરણ વિભાગ દ્વારા પ્રસિધ્ધ બહારનામુ પ્રસિધ્ધ કરવામાં આવ્યું છે તે મુજબ ધ્વનિ પ્રદૂષણ નિયમો-૨૦૦૦ અન્વયે ધ્વનિની માત્રાના ધોરણો મુજબ નક્કી કરવામાં આવ્યા છે તેનું ચુસ્તપણે પાલન કરવાનું રહે છે. વિસ્તાર મુજબ નોઈઝ સ્ટાન્ડર્ડ નક્કી કરવામાં આવ્યા છે. સવારે ૬ થી રાત્રે ૧૦ દરમિયાન ઔદ્યોગિક વિસ્તારમાં ૭૫, વાણિજ્ય વિસ્તારમાં ૬૫, રહેણાંક વિસ્તારમાં ૫૫ અને શાંત વિસ્તારમાં ૫૦ ડેસિબલ નોઈઝ

સ્ટાન્ડર્ડ છે. રાત્રે ૧૦ થી સવારે ૬ દરમિયાન ઔદ્યોગિક વિસ્તારમાં ૭૦, વાણિજ્ય વિસ્તારમાં ૫૫, રહેણાંક વિસ્તારમાં ૪૫ અને શાંત વિસ્તારમાં ૪૦ ડેસિબલ નોઈઝ સ્ટાન્ડર્ડ છે. સામાન્ય રીતે દિવાળીમાં ફટકડા કુટવાના કારણે અને તહેવારો દરમિયાન, લગ્ન પ્રસંગો, મેળાવાડા દરમિયાન લાઉડ સ્પીકર, ડ્રમ, પબ્લિક એક્સ સીસ્ટમના ઉપયોગની ધ્વનિ પ્રદૂષણ ફેલાય છે. આથી રાત્રે ૧૦ થી સવારે ૬ વાગ્યા સુધી નિયત કરવામાં આવેલા સમયમાં હોર્ન સહિત ધ્વનિ પ્રદૂષણ કરતા સાધનો વગાડવા પર પ્રતિબંધ છે. માર્ઠક સીસ્ટમ ભાડે આપનાર માલિક, ભાગીદાર, સંચાલક, મેનેજર, ઈવેન્ટ મેનેજર સમગ્ર વડોદરા શહેરના હુકમત વિસ્તારમાં વરઘોડા, રાજ્યકીય, સામાજિક અથવા ધાર્મિક શોભાયાત્રા, સમાજના સભ્યો બહાર રસ્તા કે જગ્યામાં ઉપયોગ માટે ખાનગી માલિકીની ખુદી જગ્યામાં ઉપયોગ માટે

માર્ઠક સીસ્ટમ ભાડે આપી શકશે નહિ. હોસ્પિટલ, શૈક્ષણિક સંસ્થાઓ, અદાલતો અને ધાર્મિક સ્થળોની આજુબાજુના ૧૦૦ મીટરના ઘેરાવા વિસ્તારને શાંત તરીકે ગણવામાં આવે છે .જેથી શાંત વિસ્તારની આજુબાજુમાં માર્ઠક સીસ્ટમનો ઉપયોગ થઈ શકશે નહિ. એકબીજાને ઉશ્કેરણી થાય તેવા ગાયનો-ઉચ્ચારણોનો માર્ઠક સીસ્ટમમાં ઉપયોગ કરવો નહિ. રસ્તાની ડાબી બાજુ ચાલવા, ટ્રાફિકને અડચણ ન થાય તથા ટ્રાફિકના તમામ નિયમો-કાયદાઓનો અમલ કરવા તેમજ નાથગાન-ગરબા બહારમાર્ગ રોકાઈ તે રીતે કરવા નહિ. ડી. જે. સીસ્ટમ વગાડવા માટે જણાવ્યું તે તમામ પ્રાવધાનોનો અને બેગવાઈઓનો ઉલ્લંઘન કરતા હોય તેનું બહાર જગ્યાએ ખુલા સ્થળો પર વગાડવા પર પ્રતિબંધ છે. માર્ઠક સીસ્ટમ વગાડવા માટેના પ્રતિબંધમાંથી છૂટછાટ માટેની શરતો પણ છે જેને ધ્યાને લેવાની રહેશે. વડોદરા શહેર વિસ્તારમાં ૧૬-૦૨-૨૦૨૩ સુધી આ હુકમનો અમલ કરવાનો રહેશે. હુકમનો ભંગ કરનાર શિક્ષાને પાત્ર દરશે.

ગુજરાતમાં ૧૫૦૦૦ જેટલા તલાટીઓની જમ્યા ખાલી : લોકોના અગત્યના કામ અટક્યા

અમદાવાદ, તા.૮ ગુજરાતનાં ગામડાંની જનતા એક મોટી સમસ્યાનો સામનો કરી રહી છે. આ સમસ્યા છે તલાટીઓની ઘટ, જેના કારણે ગ્રામજનોનાં અગત્યનાં કામ અટકી પડે છે. તલાટીઓની રાહ જોવામાં લોકોનો સમય વિતી જાય છે. એક તલાટી પર અનેક ગામોની જવાબદારી છે, જેની કિંમત લોકો ચૂકવી રહ્યા છે. ગ્રામીણ વિસ્તારોમાં વહીવટી કામગીરીનું કેન્દ્ર એટલે તલાટીની કચેરી. લોકોને આવકનાં દાખલા મેળવવામાં હોય કે સરકારી યોજનાઓની સહાય, ૭-૧૨નાં ઉતારા મેળવવાનાં હોય કે જન્મ-મરણનાં દાખલા, આ તમામ કામગીરી તલાટીને હસ્તક હોય છે. જો તલાટી ન હોય તો મહેસુલને લગતી અને રોજબરોજની કામગીરી અટકી પડે છે. જો કે રાજ્યનાં મોટાભાગનાં ગામડામાં તલાટીઓની ઘટ છે. ગામ દીઠ એક તલાટી હોવો જોઈએ, તેની જગ્યાએ એક તલાટી પાસે એકથી વધુ ગામડાંનો ચાર્જ છે. જેના કારણે લોકોનાં કામ અટકી પડે છે.

બનાસકાંઠાના વડગામ તાલુકામાં કરનાળા ચુપ ગ્રામ પંચાયતમાંથી હતાવાડા, સબલપુર અને ચુર ગ્રામ પંચાયતનું ૧૪ મહિના પહેલા વિભાજન થયું છે, ત્રણેય ગામોની પંચાયતો અલગ બની છે, છતાં છેલ્લા ૧૪ મહિનાથી છ ગામનો વહીવટ એક જ તલાટીથી ચાલે છે. લોકોએ સરકારી કામકાજ માટે પાંચથી ૬ કિલોમીટરના ચક્રર કાપવા પડે છે. એમાં પણ કામ થવાની ગેરંટી નથી. ગામ જાતેલું મોટું હોય, તેમ તલાટીની હાજરીની જરૂર વધુ પડે છે. જો કે ઘણા ગામડામાં તો આ બાબતને પણ ધ્યાને નથી લેવાઈ. કેટલાક ગામોમાં ઈન્ચાર્જ તલાટીઓથી કામ ચાલી રહ્યું છે...જેના કારણે લોકોએ કામ કરાવવા અન્ય ગામોનાં પક્કા ખાવા પડે છે. વલસાડ જિલ્લાનાં સૌથી મોટા પારનેરા ગામમાં પણ કાયમી તલાટી નથી. અન્ય ગામોનો ચાર્જ ધરાવતા તલાટી સમાહમાં એક વખત ગામમાં આવે છે. ગામની વસ્તી ૨૦ હજારની હોવા છતા આ સ્થિતિ પ્રવર્તે છે. લોકોએ DDO

અને TDO ને પણ રજૂઆતો કરી છે, પણ તેનું કોઈ પરિણામ નથી આવતું. છતાં કોઈ કાર્યવાહી કરાતી નથી... રાજકોટના જેતપુરમાં ૪૮ ગામો વચ્ચે માત્ર ૨ તલાટી મંત્રી છે...એમાંથી પણ ૨ તલાટી મંત્રી રજા પર છે.. એક તલાટી પાસે ૨થી ૩ ગામની જવાબદારી છે.. ગામમાં તલાટી અહવારિયામાં એક જ દિવસ હાજર રહે છે.તલાટીઓ પોતે લોકોની સમસ્યાને સમજે અને સ્વીકારે છે, પણ તેમના હાથમાં લોકોની સમસ્યાઓનું સમાધાન નથી.તલાટીઓની સમયસર ભરતી ન થતા આ સ્થિતિ સર્જઈ છે. એક અંદાજ પ્રમાણે રાજ્યમાં ૧૫૦૦૦ જેટલા તલાટીઓની જગ્યા ખાલી છે, તેમ છતાં સરકાર ભરતી નથી કરતી, જેના કારણે ગામડાંના લોકોએ હાલાકી વેઠવાનો વારો આવે છે. હવે જોવું એ રહેશે કે તલાટીઓ ઘટ દૂર થાય છે કે કેમ. સાથે જ ઈન્ચાર્જ તલાટીઓથી ચાલતા ગામોમાં તલાટીની કાયમી નિમણૂક ક્યારે થશે, તે પણ એક સવાલ છે.

પ્રેમમાં અંધ શખ્સે છરો બતાવી મહિલા સહકર્મીચારીના અપહરણનો પ્રયાસ કર્યો

ગાંધીનગર,તા.૮ ગાંધીનગરના સેક્ટર - ૨૭ માં રહેતી પરિણીત યુવતીએ નોંધાવેલી ફરિયાદ મુજબ હાલમાં સેક્ટર - ૪માં એક સંસ્થામાં નોકરી કરે છે. જેનાં એક માસ પહેલા જ પ્રેમ લગ્ન થયા છે. અહીં તેની સાથે એક શખ્સ પણ નોકરી કરે છે. જેણે મિત્રતા કેળવી પરિણીતાને નાસ્તો કરવા લઈ જઈ ઈમોશનલ કરવાનો પ્રયત્ન કરતો હતો. જોકે પરિણીતાએ ફરિયાદમાં દાવો કરી વધુમાં ઉમેર્યું છે કે તે શખ્સની વાતો ઉપર બહુ ધ્યાન આપતી ન હતી.જોકે શખ્સ હેરાનગતિ કરીને લગ્ન કરવા દબાણ કર્યા કરતો હતો. ગત તા.૧/૨/૨૦૨૩ ના રોજ સવારના આશરે સાડા આઠેક વાગ્યાના નોકરી જવા ધરેથી નીકળી રહી હતી.એ વખતે શખ્સ સાયકલ લઈને એક્ટિવા પાસે ગયો હતો. અને મોબાઈલ ફોન લઈને નીકળી ગયો હતો. જેથી પરિણીતા ગ - ૬ સર્કલ જઈને ઉભી રહી હતી.એ વખતે શખ્સ જઈને× તું મારી સાથે ચાલ, તારે મારી સાથે લગ્ન કરવાના છું× કહીને તેનો હાથ પકડી બેંચતાણ કરવા લાગેલો. અને સાથે નહીં આવે તો તેણીના પતિને જાનથી મારી નાખવાની ધમકીઓ આપી નીકળી ગયો હતો. એટલે પરિણીતા તેનો ફોન લેવા એક્ટિવા લઈને પાછળ ગઈ

હતી.ત્યારે પણ શખ્સ તું મારી સાથે લગ્ન કરીશ તોજ મોબાઈલ પરત આપીશ અને તારા પતિને છોડીશ કહીને ઝપાઝપી કરી હતી.અને પરિણીતાને જમીન પર ઘસડી મો ઉપર દુપટ્ટો રાખી શારીરિક છેડતી કરવા લાગ્યો હતો. બાદમાં એક્ટિવા ઉપર સેક્ટર - ૧ના તળાવે લઈ ગયો હતો.જ્યાં છરી બતાવી આખો દિવસ જોડે બેસાડી રાખી શારીરિક અડપલ કરી સાંજે પરિણીતાને ધરે જવા દીધી હતી.આ આખી ઘટના અંગે

પરિણીતાએ તેના પતિને જાણ કરવાનું માંડી વાણ્યું હતું.બાદમાં બીજા દિવસે તે ઓફિસે જતાં ફરીવાર શખ્સ લગ્ન માટે દબાણ કરવા લાગ્યો હતો અને ઓફિસની છૂટ્યા પછી બેઝમેન્ટમાં બળજબરી કરી છરો બતાવીને એક્ટિવા ઉપર ઊંચકીને બેસાડવાનો પ્રયાસ કરવા લાગ્યો હતો. એ વખતે સિક્યુરિટીવાળા ભાઈ આવી જતાં છરો બેગમાં મૂકી દીધો હતો અને મારઝૂક કરવા લાગતા તેણીએ બુમાબુમ કરતા બે ત્રણ છોકરા દોડી આવેલા.

અર્બન ૨૦ સમિટ : દેશ વિદેશના મહેમાનોનું આગમન ડેલિગેટ્સ ઓટો રીક્ષામાં અમદાવાદ ફર્યા, લો-ગાર્ડનમાં ટ્રેડિશનલ ફ્રેસ ખરીદ્યા

અમદાવાદ,તા.૦૮ ભારતમાં પહેલીવાર અમદાવાદમાં અર્બન-૨૦ બેઠક યોજાઈ રહી છે. મંગળવારથી દેશ વિદેશના ડેલિગેટ્સનું આગમન શરૂ થઈ ગયું છે. ઉપથી વધુ વિવિધ દેશના પ્રતિનિધિઓ આ બેઠકમાં ભાગ લઈ રહ્યાં છે. બુધવારે અમદાવાદ એરપોર્ટ પર આગમન વખતે ડેલિગેટ્સનું પરંપરાગત ગુજરાતી શૈલીમાં સ્વાગત કરવામાં આવ્યું હતું. ન્યૂયોર્કના ડેપ્યુટી કમિશનર દિલિપ ગોસ્વામી ગુજરાતી કલાકારો સાથે ગરબે પણ ધૂમ્માં હતા. ઈન્ડોનેશિયાના પ્રતિનિધિમંડળના સભ્યો એરપોર્ટ પર ગુજરાતી કલાકારોને નિહાળીને ખુશખુશાલ થઈ ગયા હતા. એટલું જ નહીં તેમણે ટ્રેડિશનલ ચણિયાઓમાં સફ્ર જુવતીઓને તેમના ડ્રેસ વિશે પૂછ્યા પણ કરી હતી. તથા આ પ્રકારના ડ્રેસ ક્યાં મળે એ વિશે જાણકારી મેળવી હતી. તેમણે જ્યારે જણાવવામાં આવ્યું કે લો-ગાર્ડન ખાતેના બજારમાં ટ્રેડિશનલ ડ્રેસ મળે છે ત્યારે ઈન્ડોનેશિયાના જૂથે બાદમાં લો-ગાર્ડનની મુલાકાત પણ લીધી હતી. વિદેશી ડેલિગેટ્સને તાજ સ્કાયલાઈન હોટેલ ખાતે રોકાણ અપાયું છે. બુધવારે ચેક-ઈન બાદ વિવિધ દેશના ડેલિગેટ્સે પોતાની રીતે ઑટો રિક્ષામાં બેસીને

અમદાવાદની સહેલ કરી હતી. જાકાર્તાથી આવેલા પ્રતિનિધિમંડળના ડો. હારાપતી, ફેરી વિબો સુગીહાર્તો સહિતના સભ્યોએ બાદમાં લો-ગાર્ડન ખાતે પરંપરાગત ગુજરાતી ડ્રેસની ખરીદી કરી હતી તથા સિદ્ધી સૈયદની જાગી, હકીસિહના દેરાની મુલાકાત લીધી હતી. અર્બન-૨૦ બેઠકના ભાગરૂપ ગુરુ અને શુકવારે બે દિવસ ગંભીર ગયાઓ થશે ત્યારે એ પહેલા શહેરમાં આગમનના દિવસે ડેલિગેટ્સ શહેરની મુલાકાત લઈને અમદાવાદના વાતાવરણ તથા કલ્ચર સાથે ઓતપ્રોત થયા હતા. બુધવારે સાંજે જ ડેલિગેટ્સે અડાલજની વાવની પણ મુલાકાત લીધી હતી. અર્બન-૨૦ બેઠકની પ્રાથમિકતાઓમાં જળ સુરક્ષાનો પણ સમાવેશ થાય છે ત્યારે સેંકડો વર્ષ જૂની અડાલજની વાવની મુલાકાતનું વિશેષ મહત્વ છે. ઉલ્લેખનીય છે કે અર્બન-૨૦ બેઠકમાં બાર્સેલોના, સાઓ પાઓલો, મિલાન, બ્યુએનોસ એરિસ, ડર્બન, પેરિસ, જોહાનિસબર્ગ, મેડ્રીડ,ટોકિયો, ઈઝમીર,જાકાર્તા, લોસ એન્જેલસ, મેક્સિકો સિટી, ન્યૂયોર્ક, રિયાધ, ક્વિટો, સાઉથ ઢાકા, પોર્ટ લુઈસ સહિતના શહેરોના પ્રતિનિધિઓ સામેલ થશે. સાથે જ ક્લાઈમેટ ૪૦ (C-40) યુ પના વિવિધ દેશના પ્રતિનિધિઓ પણ સામેલ થશે.

સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયાએ ઈનોવેટિવ એનીટાઈમ વોરંટી પેકેજ રજૂ કર્યું

વેચાણની દ્રષ્ટિએ તેના સૌથી મોટા વર્ષ તરીકે ૨૦૨૨ને સમાપ્ત કર્યા પછી, સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયા તેની પ્રથમ રજૂઆત સાથે ૨૦૨૩ની શરૂઆત કરે છે. નવી કાર નથી, પરંતુ માલિકીનો અનુભવ અને ગ્રાહક સંતોષ વધારવાના હેતુથી એક નવી, ક્રાંતિકારી, ગ્રાહક પહેલ છે, જેને એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી કહેવાય છે, તે ૧-વર્ષ/૨૦,૦૦૦કી મી વોરંટી પેકેજ છે જેનો ઉપયોગ કોઈપણ વર્તમાન ધોરણ અથવા વિસ્તૃત વોરંટી વધારવા માટે થઈ શકે છે. સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયાના પ્રાન્ટ ડાયરેક્ટર પીટર સોલ્કે જણાવ્યું હતું કે, અમે ૨૦૨૩ ની શરૂઆત કરીને, તમને સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયા માટે આગળ વધવાનો

માર્ગ માત્ર નવી કાર લેવા વિશે જ નહીં, પરંતુ અમારા ગ્રાહકોને અપ્રતિમ માલિકી અને બળવણીનો અનુભવ પ્રદાન કરતી કેટલીક નવીનતાઓ વિશે જણાવવાથી શરૂ કરી હતી. એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી એ આવી જ એક ઓફર છે, જે ઝડપી વૃદ્ધિ તરફના અમારા માર્ગમાં ગ્રાહક સંતોષ અને ઝંઝટ-મુક્ત માલિકી અનુભવનાં અમારાં વચનને પૂર્ણ પાંડે છે. સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયા ૪-વર્ષ/૧૦૦,૦૦૦ કિમી સ્ટાન્ડર્ડ વોરંટી સાથે ભારતીય ઓટોમોટિવ માર્કેટમાં પહેલેથી જ આગળ છે જ્યારે ઈન્ડસ્ટ્રી સ્ટાન્ડર્ડ લગભગ ૩-વર્ષ/૭૫,૦૦૦ કી.મી છે. વધુમાં, સ્કોડાએ તેના પીસ એફ માર્બન પ્રોગ્રામ હેઠળ ૪-વર્ષની માનક વોરંટીને પમા અને ફક્ષ વર્ષ/૧૫૦,૦૦૦ કિમી સુધી લંબાવવાનો વિકલ્પ ઓફર કર્યો હતો. તમામ-નવી એનિટાઈમ વોરંટી હાલની માનક અને વિસ્તૃત વોરંટીની ઉપરાંત છે અને ગ્રાહકોને ૮ વર્ષ/૧૫૦,૦૦૦ કિમી (જે પહેલું હોય તે) સુધીની વધારાની વોરંટી કપરેજ મેળવવા દે છે. એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી ખાસ કરીને KODIAQ (TDI), SUPERB, OCTAVIA, YETI અને RAPID ની જૂની વેઢીઓ માટે ૧-વર્ષ/૨૦,૦૦૦ કી. મી.ના સમયગાળા માટે ડિઝાઈન કરવામાં આવી છે. ૭ વર્ષની ઉંમર અને/અથવા ૧૩૦,૦૦૦કી. મી. કરતાં ઓછી માઈલેજની અંદર કોઈપણ *KODA એનીટાઈમ વોરંટી પછીના નિરીક્ષણ અને પ્રમાણપત્ર માટે પાત્ર છે. અને આ તમામ વોરંટી - તે પ્રમાણભૂત હોય, વિસ્તૃત હોય અથવા એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી હોય - આગલા માલિકને ટ્રાન્સફર કરી શકાય છે. જે ગ્રાહકોની હાલની વોરંટી સમાપ્ત થઈ ગઈ છે તેઓ પણ કાર મીઈટિંગના નિરીક્ષણ ધોરણોને આધીન એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી ખરીદી શકે છે. ૨૦૨૨ માં SKODA AUTO ઇન્ડિયાએ ૨૦૨૧ ના અંતે ગ્રાહક ટચપોઇન્ટ્સની સંખ્યા ૧૭૫ થી વધીને ૨૪૦ થી વધુ કરી. કંપનીએ ઉચ્ચ સ્તરના સ્થાનિકીકરણ દ્વારા બળવણી અર્થમાં ૨૧% સુધી ઘટાડો કર્યો. એની ટાઈમ વોરંટી એ સંતોષ અને મુશ્કેલી-મુક્ત બળવણી અને માલિકીનો અનુભવ પ્રદાન કરવાના ઉત્પાદકના ગ્રાહક-કેન્દ્રિત પ્રયાસનું બીજું પગલું છે. વર્ષ ૨૦૨૨ માં સ્કોડા ઓટો ઇન્ડિયાએ વેચાણની દ્રષ્ટિએ તેનું અત્યાર સુધીનું સૌથી બહાર અને યુરોપની બહારનું સૌથી મોટું બહાર પણ બન્યું. કંપની માટે સૌથી મહત્વની બાબત એ છે કે SKODA KUSHAQ, INDIA ૨.૦ પ્રોજેક્ટ હેઠળની પ્રથમ પ્રોડક્ટ અને મેડ-ફેર-ઇન્ડિયા પર સવાર થઈને, વિશ્વ માટે તૈયાર MQB-A0-IN એ ચોક્કસ ગઈઝર કેશ ટેસ્ટમાં સંપૂર્ણ પ-સ્ટાર છુટ્યા, તે પણ નવા, વધુ કડક ટેસ્ટ પ્રોટોકોલ હેઠળ અને પુનઃ વચના અને બાળકો બંને માટે. અને ચાર મહિના પછી, અન્ય કારમાં પરીક્ષણ કરવામાં આવ્યું, કુશક સલામતી ચાર્ટમાં ટોચ પર રહેવાનું ચાલુ રાખે છે.

સંસદના બજેટ સત્રની કાર્યવાહીનો સાતમો દિવસ દેશ દરેક ક્ષેત્રે પ્રગતિ કરી રહ્યો છે કેટલાક તેને સ્વીકારી શકતા નથી : મોદી

નવી દિલ્હી, તા.૮ સંસદના બજેટ સત્રની કાર્યવાહીનો આજે સાતમો દિવસ છે. બજેટ સત્રના સાતમા દિવસે વડાપ્રધાન નરેન્દ્ર મોદી રાષ્ટ્રપતિના અભિભાષણ પર આભાર પ્રસ્તાવ પર ચર્ચાનો જવાબ આપી રહ્યા છે. વડાપ્રધાન નરેન્દ્ર મોદીએ પોતાના ભાષણની શરૂઆતમાં જ રાહુલ તેમના સમર્થકો કૂદી રહ્યા હતા. કેટલાક લોકો બોલી રહ્યા હતા ત્યારે સમગ્ર ઇંકોસિસ્ટમ ઉછળી રહી હતી. ગઈકાલે તેમને કદાચ સારી ઊંઘ આવી હશે અને એવું પણ ખબરું હોત કે તેઓ કદાચ આજે જાગી શક્યા ન હોત. કેટલાક લોકો તો એમ પણ કહી રહ્યા છે કે આ થઈ જોરદાર વાત! લોકસભામાં પીએમ મોદીએ રાષ્ટ્રપતિના અભિભાષણ પર જવાબ આપ્યો છે. તેમના સંબોધનની શરૂઆત પણ જય શ્રી રામના નારા સાથે થઈ હતી. પીએમ મોદીએ તેના સંબોધનમાં રાષ્ટ્રપતિને અભિનંદન આપ્યા હતા. તેમણે કહ્યું કે વિઝનરી ભાષણ દ્વારા તમે કરોડો દેશવાસીઓનું માર્ગદર્શન કર્યું છે. જ્યારે બીજા બાજુ પીએમ મોદીનું ભાષણ શરૂ થાય તે પહેલા જ બીઆરએસના સભ્યોએ વોકઆઉટ કર્યું હતું. પીએમ મોદીએ કહ્યું કે સંકટના માહોલમાં દેશને જે રીતે સાચવ્યો, આખો દેશ આત્મવિશ્વાસથી ભરેલો છે. પડકારો વિના જીવન શક્ય જ નથી. ૧૪૦ કરોડ લોકોનું સામયિક પડકારોથી ભરેલું છે. પીએમ મોદીએ કહ્યું કે રાષ્ટ્રપતિ દેશની બહેન-દીકરીઓ માટે પ્રેરણા છે. રાષ્ટ્રપતિએ આદિવાસી સમાજનું ગૌરવ વધાર્યું છે.


પીએમ મોદીએ કહ્યું કે ગત બે થી ત્રણ દાયકા અસ્થિરતાના રહ્યા હતા. આજે દેશમાં સ્થિર સરકાર છે. નિર્ણયો લઈ શકે તેવી સરકાર છે. આજે દેશમાં આત્મવિશ્વાસ દેખાય છે. ડિજિટલ ઈન્ડિયાની દરેક તરફ પ્રશંસા થઈ રહી છે. એક સમય હતો જ્યારે નાની ટેકનોલોજી માટે પણ દેશ તરસતો હતો. પીએમ મોદીએ વિપક્ષને આડેહાથ લેતા કહ્યું કે આજે દેશ દરેક ક્ષેત્રમાં પ્રગતિ કરી રહ્યો છે. અમુક લોકો તેને સ્વીકારી શકી રહ્યા નથી. તેમણે રિન્યુએબલ એનર્જીમાં યોથા કમે, મોબાઈલ મેન્યુફેક્ચરિંગમાં બીજો સૌથી મોટો દેશ બની જવાનો પણ ઉલ્લેખ કર્યો હતો અને કહ્યું કે

આજે ખેલાડી પોતાનો રુતબો બતાવી રહ્યા છે. ભારતનો દુનિયામાં ડંકો વાગી રહ્યો છે. ભારત મેન્યુફેક્ચરિંગ હબ બની ગયું છે. આજે દરેક ક્ષેત્રમાં આશા જ આશા દેખાઈ રહી છે પણ અમુક લોકોને તે દેખાતી નથી. તેમણે સ્ટાર્ટઅપ્સના ઝડપથી વધવાનો પણ ઉલ્લેખ કર્યો અને કહ્યું કે આજે દેશમાં ૧૦૮ યુનિકોર્ન બની ગયા છે. તેમણે કાકા હથરસીને ક્વોટ કરતા કહ્યું કે જે જેવું વિચારશે તેને તેવું જ દેખાશે. પીએમ મોદીએ કહ્યું કે અમુક લોકો ઘણા નિરાશ છે. આ નિરાશા પણ એ રીતે નથી આવી. એક તો પ્રજાનો હુકમ, બાર બાર હુકમ. ’

વડોદરા શહેરમાં હથિયારબંધી સહ પ્રતિબંધક આદેશો અમલી

વડોદરા, તા.૦૮ વડોદરા શહેરમાં બનતા ગુનાખોરોને અટકાવવા અને શાંતિ-સલામતીની બળવણીના ભાગ રૂપે છરી, ચાપા, ખંબર, રામપુરી ચાપા, શસ્ત્રો,ડંડા,લાકડી, લાઠી, તલવાર, ભલા, સોટા, બંદુક, ખંબર જેવા હથિયારો લઈને ફરવા ઉપર પોલીસ કમિશ્નર દ્વારા તા. ૨૨/૦૨/૨૦૨૩ સુધી પ્રતિબંધ મુકવામાં આવ્યો છે. પ્રતિબંધિત હથિયારો બહાર જગ્યાએ લઈ જવા પર પ્રતિબંધ લાદવામાં આવ્યો છે. પરવાનાવાળા હથિયારો બહાર મેળાવાડા કે સરઘસમાં લઈ જવા પર અને હવામાં ફાયરિંગ કરવા પર મનાઈ ફરવામાં આવી છે. આ સિવાય સ્કોટક પદાર્થો, પથ્થરો કે બીજા શસ્ત્રો કેંકવાના સાધનો, સળગતી મશાલ અને કોઈ વ્યક્તિના પુતળાઓ- આકૃતિઓ સળગાવવા, ફાંસી આપવી જેવા કૃત્યો

બહારમાં કરી શકાશે નહીં.પોલીસ કમિશ્નરના હુકમતના સમગ્ર વિસ્તારમાં લોકોને સાસ થાય તે રીતે બુમો પાડવી, ગીતો ગાવાની કે વાદ્યો વગાડી શકાશે નહીં. આ ઉપરાંત છટાદાર ભાષણ આપવાથી, ચાળા પડવાથી, ચિત્રો, નિશાનીઓ, બહાર ખબર અથવા પદાર્થ- વસ્તુઓ તૈયાર કરવા, સુરુષ અથવા નીતીનો ભાગ થતો હોય અને રાહત્તની સલામતી બેખમાતી હોય તેવા છટાદાર ભાષણો આપવા ઉપર મનાઈ ફરવામાં આવે છે. સરકારી નોકરી કે કામગીરીમાં હોય અને આવા હથિયારો લઈ જવાની પરવાનગી આપવામાં આવી હોય તે લોકોને ઉપરનું બહારનામું લાગુ પડશે નહિ. આ હુકમનો કોઈ ભંગ કરે તો ગુજરાત પોલીસ અધિનિયમની કલમ ૧૩૫ (૧) મુજબ તે શિક્ષાને પાત્ર દરશે.



SHAILY

Engineering Plastics Ltd.

CIN : L51900GJ1980PLC065554

Registered Office : Survey No.364 / 366,
At & PO : Rania, Taluka : Savli, Dist : Vadodara - 391 780.
Email : investors@shaily.com Website : www.shaily.com

Statement of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,444.42	46,942.76	15,169.41	57,467.90
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	549.14	2,868.12	1,208.97	4,640.76
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	446.84	2,125.74	927.91	3,514.01
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	(11.77)	(22.38)	18.32	31.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,781.67	35,781.67	17,354.71	35,781.67
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80
	Diluted	4.87	23.17	9.83	39.80

Statement of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the
Quarter & Nine Months ended 31st December, 2022

(Rs. in Lakhs)					
Sr No	Particulars	3 months ended 31/12/2022	Period ended 31/12/2022	Corresponding 3 months ended 31/12/2021 in the previous year	Year ended 31/03/2022 in the previous year
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	13,649.27	47,579.44	15,173.92	57,653.42
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	697.86	3,347.42	1,166.52	4,653.38
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	566.64	2,521.97	900.65	3,526.63
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period after tax	82.77	(22.38)	18.32	19.94
6	Equity Share Capital	917.35	917.35	917.35	917.35
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as per Audited Balance Sheet of the previous accounting year	35,778.29	35,778.29	17,354.71	35,778.29
		(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2022)	(As on 31-Dec-2021)	(As on 31-Mar-2022)
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
	Basic	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94
	Diluted	6.18	27.49	9.53	39.94

Notes :

1

The above unaudited financial results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in their respective meetings held on February 8, 2023. The Statutory Auditors of the Company have carried out a limited review of the said results.

2

The above Unaudited financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, other accounting principles generally accepted in India and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

3

The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Company website i.e. www.shaily.com and the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
For Shaily Engineering Plastics Limited
Mahendra Sanghvi
Executive Chairman
DIN : 00084162

Place : Vadodara
Date : 08th February, 2023